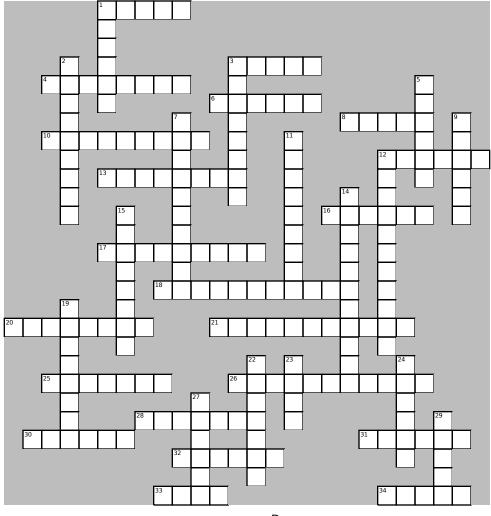
Statisticians in History

ASA History of Statistics Interest Group

The answers can be found at http://community.amstat.org/historyofstats/home.

Note: first names or initials may occasionally be used in the answers.



Across

- He is a 'normal' person Astronomer and statistician
- Author of the first "computer program" Developed foundation of hypothesis 6
- testing along with 21 across Solved the inverse problem of passing from sample to population
- "... all models are wrong ...
- Published first treatise on vital statistics 12
- 13 His 'pies' were not edible
- Developed basic statistical concepts of regression lines
- Could be a trial
- Invented polar-area diagrams
- 20 Developer of the analysis of variance
- 21 Developed foundation of hypothesis testing along with 6 across
- A well-known process is named for him The distance between a point P and a
- distribution D
- Games, gods, and gambling
- 30 Liked to grow peas
- His 'chains' are used in Monte Carlo
- Most remembered for statistical quality control
- His map stopped a cholera outbreak
- Father of exploratory data analysis

- A famous 'student'
- Developed electromechanical punched card
- Father of statistical process control
- He has a legendary triangle
- Correction used to address the problem of multiple comparisons Infographic of French Army 1812 to 1813
- His 1931 paper laid out what has since been called "confidence intervals"
 Founding member of the International
- Biometric Society
- Founder of the Biometric School
- Proposed a relationship between body weight and height
- Developed two non-parametric hypothesis
- Contributed to foundations of probability as a gambler
- Known for work in statistical sequential analysis
- Created a famous scale
- A chart used in making decisions for quality improvement
- Developed a useful algebra